

Product Information

Recombinant Human Anti-Human Apelin Monoclonal Antibody

Cat. No.: **HOM-19219**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Overview

Recombinant humanized antibody expressed in CHO binding to human Apelin.

Antigen Description

Apelin (also known as APLN) is a peptide that in humans is encoded by the APLN gene. Apelin is the endogenous ligand for the G-protein-coupled APJ receptor that is expressed at the surface of some cell types. It is widely expressed in various organs such as the heart, lung, kidney, liver, adipose tissue, gastrointestinal tract, brain, adrenal glands, endothelium, and human plasma.

Target

APLN

Species Reactivity

Human

Type

Human IgG

Expression Host

CHO

Clone

Monoclonal

Purity

>95.0% as determined by analysis by RP-HPLC & analysis by SDS-PAGE.

Applications

ELISA, WB, IHC, FCM, IP, IF. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Molecular Weight

145.41 kDa

Stability

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -20 °C and are stable for six months at 4 °C.

Storage

Store it under sterile conditions at -20 °C upon receiving. Recommend to pack the antibody into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Ship

2-8°C, BLUE ICE

ANTIGEN GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name

[APLN apelin \[Homo sapiens \]](#)

Official Symbol

APLN

Synonyms

APLN; apelin; apelin, AGTRL1 ligand; XNPEP2; AGTRL1 ligand; APJ endogenous ligand; APEL;

Gene ID

[8862](#)

mRNA Refseq

[NM_017413](#)

Protein Refseq

[NP_059109](#)

MIM

[300297](#)

UniProt ID

Q9ULZ1

Chromosome Location

Xq25

Pathway

Class A/1 (Rhodopsin-like receptors), organism-specific biosystem; G alpha (i) signalling events, organism-specific biosystem; GPCR downstream signaling, organism-specific biosystem; GPCR ligand binding, organism-specific biosystem; Peptide ligand-binding receptors, organism-specific biosystem; Signal Transduction, organism-specific biosystem; Signaling by GPCR, organism-specific biosystem;

Function

hormone activity; receptor binding;