

Product Information

Recombinant Anti-Human il2 Antibody scFv Fragment

Cat. No.: **MOM-18391-S(P)**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Overview

Recombinant Mouse Antibody scFv Fragment specifically binds to Human IL2, expressed in E. coli

Antigen Description

Produced by T-cells in response to antigenic or mitogenic stimulation, this protein is required for T-cell proliferation and other activities crucial to regulation of the immune response. Can stimulate B-cells, monocytes, lymphokine-activated killer cells, natural killer cells, and glioma cells.

Specific Activity

Tested positive against native antigen.

Target

IL2

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide (Human).

Source

Mouse

Species Reactivity

Human

Type

scFv

Expression Host

E. coli

Purity

>97%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.

Applications

Suitable for use in ELISA, WB, Neut and most other immunological methods.

Storage

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C upon receiving. Recommend to pack the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

ANTIGEN GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name

[IL2 interleukin 2 \[Homo sapiens \]](#)

Official Symbol

IL2

Synonyms

IL2; interleukin 2; interleukin-2; IL 2; T cell growth factor; TCGF; aldesleukin; involved in regulation of T-cell clonal expansion; IL-2; lymphokine

Gene ID

[3558](#)

mRNA Refseq

[NM_000586](#)

Protein Refseq

[NP_000577](#)

MIM

[147680](#)

UniProt ID

P60568

Chromosome Location

4q26-q27

Pathway

Allograft rejection, organism-specific biosystem; Allograft rejection, conserved biosystem; Autoimmune thyroid disease, organism-specific biosystem; Autoimmune thyroid disease, conserved biosystem; Calcineurin-regulated NFAT-dependent transcription in lymphocytes, organism-specific biosystem; Calcium signaling in the CD4+ TCR pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Chagas disease (American trypanosomiasis), organism-specific biosystem;

Function

carbohydrate binding; cytokine activity; glycosphingolipid binding; growth factor activity; interleukin-2 receptor binding; interleukin-2 receptor binding; kappa-type opioid receptor binding; kinase activator activity;