

## Product Information

### **MemDX™ Antibody Discovery - Human IL-17 RA / CD217 (33-320) Membrane Protein, Partial, -His -Avi tag, [Biotin]**

Cat. No.: **MP0358F**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This membrane protein is Human IL-17 RA / CD217 (33-320). It has been tested in SDS-PAGE, ELISA. We provide this protein to facilitate your membrane protein antibody discovery and development.

#### **Product Specifications**

##### **Host Species**

Human

##### **Target Protein**

IL-17 RA / CD217

##### **Protein Length**

ECD

##### **Molecular Weight**

The protein has a calculated MW of 37.2 kDa. The protein migrates as 55-68 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

##### **Sequence**

AA Leu 33 - Trp 320 (Accession # Q96F46-1).

#### **Product Description**

##### **Activity**

Yes

##### **Application**

SDS-PAGE, ELISA

##### **Expression Systems**

HEK293

##### **Tag**

His tag at the C-terminus, followed by an Avi tag.

##### **Protein Format**

Soluble

##### **Form**

LYOPH

### **Reconstitution**

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

### **Endotoxin**

<1.0 EU/µg by the LAL method

### **Conjugation**

Biotin

### **Purity**

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

### **Buffer**

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

### **Storage**

Stored at lyophilized form at -20°C or lower. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

The antigen can be stable for 12 months in lyophilized form after storage at -20°C to -80°C, 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution after storage at -80°C.

## **Target**

### **Target Protein**

IL-17 RA / CD217

### **Full Name**

interleukin 17 receptor A

### **Introduction**

Interleukin 17A (IL17A) is a proinflammatory cytokine secreted by activated T-lymphocytes. It is a potent inducer of the maturation of CD34-positive hematopoietic precursors into neutrophils. The transmembrane protein encoded by this gene (interleukin 17A receptor; IL17RA) is a ubiquitous type I membrane glycoprotein that binds with low affinity to interleukin 17A. Interleukin 17A and its receptor play a pathogenic role in many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis. Like other cytokine receptors, this receptor likely has a multimeric structure. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.

### **Alternative Names**

CD217; IL17R; IMD51; CANDF5; CDw217; IL-17RA; hIL-17R; interleukin-17 receptor A; IL-17 receptor A

### **Gene ID**

[23765](#)

### **UniProt ID**

[Q96F46](#)