

Product Information

MemDX™ Antibody Discovery - Human LAP (TGF-beta 1) (30-278(C33S)) Membrane Protein, Partial, His- Avi- tag, [Biotin]

Cat. No.: **MP0605F**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This membrane protein is Human LAP (TGF-beta 1) (30-278(C33S)). It has been tested in SDS-PAGE, ELISA. We provide this protein to facilitate your membrane protein antibody discovery and development.

Product Specifications

Host Species

Human

Target Protein

LAP (TGF-beta 1)

Protein Length

ECD

Molecular Weight

The protein has a calculated MW of 32.2 kDa. The protein migrates as 45-55 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Sequence

AA Leu 30 - Arg 278 (Accession # P01137-1 (C33S)).

Product Description

Activity

Yes

Application

SDS-PAGE, ELISA

Expression Systems

HEK293

Tag

His tag at the N-terminus, followed by an Avi tag

Protein Format

Soluble

Form

LYOPH

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

Endotoxin

<1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method

Conjugation

Biotin

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Buffer

Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

Storage

Stored at lyophilized form at -20°C or lower. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

The antigen can be stable for 12 months in lyophilized form after storage at -20°C to -80°C, 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution after storage at -80°C.

Target

Target Protein

LAP (TGF-beta 1)

Full Name

transforming growth factor beta 1

Introduction

This gene encodes a secreted ligand of the TGF-beta (transforming growth factor-beta) superfamily of proteins. Ligands of this family bind various TGF-beta receptors leading to recruitment and activation of SMAD family transcription factors that regulate gene expression. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate a latency-associated peptide (LAP) and a mature peptide, and is found in either a latent form composed of a mature peptide homodimer, a LAP homodimer, and a latent TGF-beta binding protein, or in an active form consisting solely of the mature peptide homodimer. The mature peptide may also form heterodimers with other TGFB family members. This encoded protein regulates cell proliferation, differentiation and growth, and can modulate expression and activation of other growth factors including interferon gamma and tumor necrosis factor alpha. This gene is frequently upregulated in tumor cells, and mutations in this gene result in Camurati-Engelmann disease.

Alternative Names

CED; LAP; DPD1; TGFB; IBDIMDE; TGFbeta; TGF-beta1; transforming growth factor beta-1 proprotein; TGF-beta-1; latency-associated peptide; prepro-transforming growth factor beta-1; transforming growth factor beta1

Gene ID

[7040](#)

UniProt ID

[P36897](#)