

Product Information

MemDX™ Antibody Discovery - Human LILRB2 / CD85d / ILT4 (22-461) Membrane Protein, Partial, -His tag

Cat. No.: **MP0623F**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This membrane protein is Human LILRB2 / CD85d / ILT4 (22-461). It has been tested in SDS-PAGE. We provide this protein to facilitate your membrane protein antibody discovery and development.

Product Specifications

Host Species

Human

Target Protein

LILRB2 / CD85d / ILT4

Protein Length

ECD

Molecular Weight

The protein has a calculated MW of 48.6 kDa. The protein migrates as 58-67 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Sequence

AA Gln 22 - Val 461 (Accession # AAH36827).

Product Description

Application

SDS-PAGE

Expression Systems

HEK293

Tag

His tag at the C-terminus

Protein Format

Soluble

Form

LYOPH

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

Endotoxin

<1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method

Purity

>92% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Buffer

Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

Storage

Stored at lyophilized form at -20°C or lower. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

The antigen can be stable for 12 months in lyophilized form after storage at -20°C to -80°C, 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution after storage at -80°C.

Target**Target Protein**

LILRB2 / CD85d / ILT4

Full Name

leukocyte immunoglobulin like receptor B2

Introduction

This gene is a member of the leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor (LIR) family, which is found in a gene cluster at chromosomal region 19q13.4. The encoded protein belongs to the subfamily B class of LIR receptors which contain two or four extracellular immunoglobulin domains, a transmembrane domain, and two to four cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs). The receptor is expressed on immune cells where it binds to MHC class I molecules on antigen-presenting cells and transduces a negative signal that inhibits stimulation of an immune response. It is thought to control inflammatory responses and cytotoxicity to help focus the immune response and limit autoreactivity. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Alternative Names

ILT4; LIR2; CD85D; ILT-4; LIR-2; MIR10; MIR-10; leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor subfamily B member 2; CD85 antigen-like family member D; Ig-like transcript 4; leucocyte Ig-like receptor B2; leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor, subfamily B (with TM and ITIM domains), member 2; monocyte/macrophage immunoglobulin-like receptor 10; myeloid inhibitory receptor 10

Gene ID

[10288](#)

UniProt ID

[Q8N423](#)