

# Product Information

## MemDX™ Antibody Discovery - Human Nectin-1 / PVRL1 / CD111 (31-334) Membrane

### Protein, Partial, -hlgG1 Fc tag

Cat. No.: **MP0685F**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This membrane protein is Human Nectin-1 / PVRL1 / CD111 (31-334). It has been tested in SDS-PAGE, ELISA. We provide this protein to facilitate your membrane protein antibody discovery and development.

### Product Specifications

#### Host Species

Human

#### Target Protein

Nectin-1 / PVRL1 / CD111

#### Protein Length

ECD

#### Molecular Weight

The protein has a calculated MW of 60.4 kDa. The protein migrates as 66-90 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

#### Sequence

AA Gln 31 - Thr 334 (Accession # Q15223-1).

### Product Description

#### Activity

Yes

#### Application

SDS-PAGE, ELISA

#### Expression Systems

HEK293

#### Tag

Human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus

#### Protein Format

Soluble

#### Form

LYOPH

### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

### Endotoxin

<1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method

### Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

### Buffer

Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in Tris with Glycine, Arginine and NaCl, pH7.5. Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

### Storage

Stored at lyophilized form at -20°C or lower. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

The antigen can be stable for 12 months in lyophilized form after storage at -20°C to -80°C, 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution after storage at -80°C.

## Target

### Target Protein

Nectin-1 / PVRL1 / CD111

### Full Name

nectin cell adhesion molecule 1

### Introduction

This gene encodes an adhesion protein that plays a role in the organization of adherens junctions and tight junctions in epithelial and endothelial cells. The protein is a calcium(2+)-independent cell-cell adhesion molecule that belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily and has 3 extracellular immunoglobulin-like loops, a single transmembrane domain (in some isoforms), and a cytoplasmic region. This protein acts as a receptor for glycoprotein D (gD) of herpes simplex viruses 1 and 2 (HSV-1, HSV-2), and pseudorabies virus (PRV) and mediates viral entry into epithelial and neuronal cells. Mutations in this gene cause cleft lip and palate/ectodermal dysplasia 1 syndrome (CLPED1) as well as non-syndromic cleft lip with or without cleft palate (CL/P). Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding proteins with distinct C-termini.

### Alternative Names

ED4; PRR; HlgR; HV1S; HVEC; OFC7; PRR1; PVRR; CD111; PVRL1; PVRR1; SK-12; CLPED1; nectin-1; nectin-1; ectodermal dysplasia 4 (Margarita Island type); herpes simplex virus type 1 sensitivity; herpes virus entry mediator C; herpesvirus Ig-like receptor; nectin 1; poliovirus receptor-like 1; poliovirus receptor-related 1 (herpesvirus entry mediator C); poliovirus receptor-related protein 1

### Gene ID

[5818](#)

### UniProt ID

[Q15223](#)