

## Product Information

### MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human APLNR (Apelin receptor) for Antibody Discovery

Cat. No.: **MP0685J**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a 42.5 kDa Human APLNR membrane protein expressed in HEK293T. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

#### Product Specifications

##### Host Species

Human

##### Target Protein

APLNR

##### Protein Length

Full-length

##### Protein Class

Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

##### Molecular Weight

42.5 kDa

##### TMD

7

##### Sequence

MEEGGDFDNYGADNQSECEYTDWKSSGALIPAIYMLVFLGTTGNGLVLWTVFRSSREKRRSADIFIAS  
LAVADLTFVVTLPWATYTYRDYDWPFGTFFCKLSSYLIFVNMYASVFCLTGLSFDRYLAIVRPVANARL  
RLRVSGAVATAVLWVLAALLAMPVMVLRTTGDLNTTKVQCYMDYSMVATVSSEWAVEVGLGVSSTTVGF  
VVPFTIMLTCTYFFIAQTIAGHFRKERIEGLRKRRRLLSIIVLVVTFALCWMPYHLVKTLYMLGSLLHWP  
CDFDLFLMNIFPYCTCISYVNSCLNPFLYAFFDPRFRQACTSMLCCGQSRCAGTSHSSSGEKSASYSSGH  
SQGPGPNMGKGGEQMHEKSIPYSQETLVVD

#### Product Description

##### Expression Systems

HEK293T

##### Tag

C-Myc/DDK

##### Form

Liquid

**Purification**

Anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps

**Purity**

> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer**

25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10% glycerol

**Storage**

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

**Target****Target Protein**

APLNR

**Full Name**

Apelin receptor

**Introduction**

This gene encodes a member of the G protein-coupled receptor gene family. The encoded protein is related to the angiotensin receptor, but is actually an apelin receptor that inhibits adenylate cyclase activity and plays a counter-regulatory role against the pressure action of angiotensin II by exerting hypertensive effect. It functions in the cardiovascular and central nervous systems, in glucose metabolism, in embryonic and tumor angiogenesis and as a human immunodeficiency virus (HIV-1) coreceptor. Two transcript variants resulting from alternative splicing have been identified.

**Alternative Names**

APJ; APJR; HG11; AGTRL1

**Gene ID**

[187](#)

**UniProt ID**

[P35414](#)