

## Product Information

### **MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human TYROBP (Transmembrane immune signaling adaptor TYROBP) for Antibody Discovery**

Cat. No.: **MP0745J**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a 9.3 kDa Human TYROBP membrane protein expressed in HEK293T. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

#### Product Specifications

##### **Host Species**

Human

##### **Target Protein**

TYROBP

##### **Protein Length**

Full-length

##### **Protein Class**

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

##### **Molecular Weight**

9.3 kDa

##### **TMD**

1

##### **Sequence**

MGGLEPCSRLLLLPLLLAVSGLRPVQAQAQSDCSCSTVSPGVLAGIVMGDLVLTVLIALAVYFLGRLVPR  
GRGAAEAATRKQRITETESPYQELQGQRSDVYSDLNTQRPYYK

#### Product Description

##### **Expression Systems**

HEK293T

##### **Tag**

C-Myc/DDK

##### **Form**

Liquid

##### **Purification**

Anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps

**Purity**

> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer**

25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10% glycerol

**Storage**

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

**Target****Target Protein**

TYROBP

**Full Name**

Transmembrane immune signaling adaptor TYROBP

**Introduction**

This gene encodes a transmembrane signaling polypeptide which contains an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain. The encoded protein may associate with the killer-cell inhibitory receptor (KIR) family of membrane glycoproteins and may act as an activating signal transduction element. This protein may bind zeta-chain (TCR) associated protein kinase 70kDa (ZAP-70) and spleen tyrosine kinase (SYK) and play a role in signal transduction, bone modeling, brain myelination, and inflammation. Mutations within this gene have been associated with polycystic lipomembranous osteodysplasia with sclerosing leukoencephalopathy (PLOSL), also known as Nasu-Hakola disease. Its putative receptor, triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 2 (TREM2), also causes PLOSL. Multiple alternative transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene.

**Alternative Names**

DAP12; KARAP; PLOSL; PLOSL1

**Gene ID**

[7305](#)

**UniProt ID**

[O43914](#)