

Product Information

MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human ASPH (Aspartate beta-hydroxylase, transcript variant

1) for Antibody Discovery

Cat. No.: MP1053J

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a 85.7 kDa Human ASPH membrane protein expressed in HEK293T. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

Product Specifications

Host Species

Human

Target Protein

ASPH

Protein Length

Full-length

Protein Class

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Molecular Weight

85.7 kDa

TMD

1

Sequence

MAQRKNAKSSGNSSSSGSGSGSTSAGSSSPGARRETKHGGHKNGRKGGLSGTSFFTWFMVIALLGVWTSV AVVWFDLVDYEEVLGKLGIYDADGDGDFDVDDAKVLLGLKERSTSEPAVPPEEAEPHTEPEEQVPVEAEP QNIEDEAKEQIQSLLHEMVHAEHVEGEDLQQEDGPTGEPQQEDDEFLMATDVDDRFETLEPEVSHEETEH SYHVEETVSQDCNQDMEEMMSEQENPDSSEPVVEDERLHHDTDDVTYQVYEEQAVYEPLENEGIEITEVT APPEDNPVEDSQVIVEEVSIFPVEEQQEVPPETNRKTDDPEQKAKVKKKKPKLLNKFDKTIKAELDAAEK LRKRGKIEEAVNAFKELVRKYPQSPRARYGKAQCEDDLAEKRRSNEVLRGAIETYQEVASLPDVPADLLK LSLKRRSDRQQFLGHMRGSLLTLQRLVQLFPNDTSLKNDLGVGYLLIGDNDNAKKVYEEVLSVTPNDGFA KVHYGFILKAQNKIAESIPYLKEGIESGDPGTDDGRFYFHLGDAMQRVGNKEAYKWYELGHKRGHFASVW QRSLYNVNGLKAQPWWTPKETGYTELVKSLERNWKLIRDEGLAVMDKAKGLFLPEDENLREKGDWSQFTL WQQGRRNENACKGAPKTCTLLEKFPETTGCRRGQIKYSIMHPGTHVWPHTGPTNCRFRMHLGLVIPKEGC KIRCANETKTWEEGKVLIFDDSFEHEVWQDASSFRLIFIVDVWHPELTPQQRRSLPAI

Product Description

Expression Systems

HEK293T

Tag

C-Myc/DDK

Form

Liquid

Purification

Anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps

Purity

> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer

25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10% glycerol

Storage

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

Target

Target Protein

ASPH

Full Name

Aspartate beta-hydroxylase

Introduction

This gene is thought to play an important role in calcium homeostasis. The gene is expressed from two promoters and undergoes extensive alternative splicing. The encoded set of proteins share varying amounts of overlap near their N-termini but have substantial variations in their C-terminal domains resulting in distinct functional properties. The longest isoforms (a and f) include a C-terminal Aspartyl/Asparaginyl beta-hydroxylase domain that hydroxylates aspartic acid or asparagine residues in the epidermal growth factor (EGF)-like domains of some proteins, including protein C, coagulation factors VII, IX, and X, and the complement factors C1R and C1S. Other isoforms differ primarily in the C-terminal sequence and lack the hydroxylase domain, and some have been localized to the endoplasmic and sarcoplasmic reticulum. Some of these isoforms are found in complexes with calsequestrin, triadin, and the ryanodine receptor, and have been shown to regulate calcium release from the sarcoplasmic reticulum. Some isoforms have been implicated in metastasis.

Alternative Names

AAH; BAH; CASQ2BP1; FDLAB; HAAH; JCTN; junctin

Gene ID

444

UniProt ID

Q12797