

# Product Information

## **MemDX™ Antibody Discovery - Human CD206 / MMR (19-1389) Membrane Protein, Partial, -**

### **His tag**

Cat. No.: **MP1080F**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This membrane protein is Human CD206 / MMR (19-1389). It has been tested in SDS-PAGE. We provide this protein to facilitate your membrane protein antibody discovery and development.

### **Product Specifications**

#### **Host Species**

Human

#### **Target Protein**

CD206 / MMR

#### **Protein Length**

ECD

#### **Molecular Weight**

The protein has a calculated MW of 158.6 kDa. The protein migrates as 150-190 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

#### **Sequence**

AA Leu 19 - Ala 1389 (Accession # P22897-1).

### **Product Description**

#### **Application**

SDS-PAGE

#### **Expression Systems**

HEK293

#### **Tag**

His tag at the C-terminus

#### **Protein Format**

Soluble

#### **Form**

LYOPH

#### **Reconstitution**

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

**Endotoxin**

<1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method

**Purity**

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

**Buffer**

Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

**Storage**

Stored at lyophilized form at -20°C or lower. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

The antigen can be stable for 12 months in lyophilized form after storage at -20°C to -80°C, 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution after storage at -80°C.

**Target****Target Protein**

CD206 / MMR

**Full Name**

mannose receptor C-type 1

**Introduction**

The recognition of complex carbohydrate structures on glycoproteins is an important part of several biological processes, including cell-cell recognition, serum glycoprotein turnover, and neutralization of pathogens. The protein encoded by this gene is a type I membrane receptor that mediates the endocytosis of glycoproteins by macrophages. The protein has been shown to bind high-mannose structures on the surface of potentially pathogenic viruses, bacteria, and fungi so that they can be neutralized by phagocytic engulfment.

**Alternative Names**

MMR; hMR; CD206; MRC1L1; CLEC13D; CLEC13DL; bA541I19.1; macrophage mannose receptor 1; C-type lectin domain family 13 member D; human mannose recepto; macrophage mannose receptor 1-like protein 1; mannose receptor, C type 1-like 1

**Gene ID**

[4360](#)

**UniProt ID**

[P22897](#)