

## Product Information

### MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human BEST1 (Bestrophin 1, transcript variant 1) for Antibody

#### Discovery

Cat. No.: **MP1186J**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a 67.5 kDa Human BEST1 membrane protein expressed in HEK293T. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

#### Product Specifications

##### Host Species

Human

##### Target Protein

BEST1

##### Protein Length

Full-length

##### Protein Class

Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Other, Transmembrane

##### Molecular Weight

67.5 kDa

##### TMD

4

##### Sequence

MTITYTSQVANARLGFSRLLLCWRGSIYKLLYGEFLIFLLCYYIIRFIYRLALTEEQQLMFEKLTLYCD  
SYIQLIPISFVLGFYVTLVVTRWWNQYENLPWPDRLMSLVSGFVEGKDEQGRLLRRTLIRYANLGNVLIL  
RSVSTAVYKRFPQAHLVQAGFMTPAEHKQLEKLSLPHNMFVWPVWVFANLSMKAWLGGRIRDPILLQSL  
LNEMNTLRTQCGHLYAYDWISIPLVYTQVVTVAVYSFFLTCLVGRQFLNPAKAYPGHELDLVVPVFTFLQ  
FFFYVGWLKVAEQLINPFGEDDDDFETNWIVDRNLQVSLAVDEMHDLPMEPDMYWNKPEPQPPYTAA  
SAQFRRASFMSGTFNISLNKEEMEFQPNQEDEEDAAGIIGRFLGLQSHDHHPPRANSRTKLLWPKRESL  
LHEGLPKNHKAAKQNVRGQEDNKAWKLKAVDAFKSAPLYQRPGYYSAPQTPLSPTPMFFPLEPSAPSKLH  
SVTGIDTKDKSLKTVSSGAKKSFELLES DGALMEHPEVSQVRRKTVEFNLTDMPEIPENHLKEPLEQSP  
TNIHTTLKDHMDPYWALENRDEAHS

#### Product Description

##### Expression Systems

HEK293T

##### Tag

C-Myc/DDK

**Form**

Liquid

**Purification**

Anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps

**Purity**

> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer**

25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10% glycerol

**Storage**

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

**Target****Target Protein**

BEST1

**Full Name**

Bestrophin 1

**Introduction**

This gene encodes a member of the bestrophin gene family. This small gene family is characterized by proteins with a highly conserved N-terminus with four to six transmembrane domains. Bestrophins may form chloride ion channels or may regulate voltage-gated L-type calcium-ion channels. Bestrophins are generally believed to form calcium-activated chloride-ion channels in epithelial cells but they have also been shown to be highly permeable to bicarbonate ion transport in retinal tissue. Mutations in this gene are responsible for juvenile-onset vitelliform macular dystrophy (VMD2), also known as Best macular dystrophy, in addition to adult-onset vitelliform macular dystrophy (AVMD) and other retinopathies. Alternative splicing results in multiple variants encoding distinct isoforms.

**Alternative Names**

ARB; BMD; BEST; RP50; VMD2; TU15B; Best1V1Delta2

**Gene ID**

[7439](#)

**UniProt ID**

[O76090](#)