

Product Information

MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human KCNJ5 (Potassium inwardly rectifying channel subfamily J member 5) for Antibody Discovery

Cat. No.: **MP1208J**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a 47.5 kDa Human KCNJ5 membrane protein expressed in HEK293T. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

Product Specifications

Host Species

Human

Target Protein

KCNJ5

Protein Length

Full-length

Protein Class

Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Potassium, Transmembrane

Molecular Weight

47.5 kDa

TMD

2

Sequence

MAGDSRNAMNQDMEIGVTPWDPKKIPKQARDYVPIATDRTRLLAEGKKPRQRYMEKSGKCNVHHGNVQET
YRYLSDLFTTLVDLKWRFNLLVFTMVYTVTWLFFGFIWWLIAYIRGDLHDVGDQEWIPCVENLSGFVSAF
LFSIETETTIGYGFRVITEKCEPIIILLVQAILGSIVNAFMVGC MFVKISQPKKRAETLMFSNNAVISM
RDEKLCLMFRVGDLRNSHIVEASIRAKLIKSRQTKEGEFIPLNQTDINVGFDTGDDRLFLVSPLIISHEI
NEKSPFWEMSQAQLHQEEFEVVVILEGMVEATGMTQCQARSSYMDTEVLWGHRTFVLTLEKGFYEVDYNT
FHDITYETNTPSCCAKELAEMKREGRLQYLPSPPLLGGCAEAGLDAEAEQNEEDEPKGLGGSREARGSV

Product Description

Expression Systems

HEK293T

Tag

C-Myc/DDK

Form

Liquid

Purification

Anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps

Purity

> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer

25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10% glycerol

Storage

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

Target**Target Protein**

KCNJ5

Full Name

Potassium inwardly rectifying channel subfamily J member 5

Introduction

This gene encodes an integral membrane protein which belongs to one of seven subfamilies of inward-rectifier potassium channel proteins called potassium channel subfamily J. The encoded protein is a subunit of the potassium channel which is homotetrameric. It is controlled by G-proteins and has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell. Naturally occurring mutations in this gene are associated with aldosterone-producing adenomas.

Alternative Names

CIR; GIRK4; KATP1; LQT13; KIR3.4

Gene ID

[3762](#)

UniProt ID

[P48544](#)