

Product Information

MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human CCR7 (C-C motif chemokine receptor 7) expressed in E.coli for Antibody Discovery

Cat. No.: MP1336J

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is human CCR7 membrane protein expressed in E.coli. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

Product Specifications

Host Species

Human

Target Protein

CCR7

Protein Length

Partial (25-378aa)

Protein Class

GPCR

TMD

7

Sequence

QDEVTDDYIGDNTTVDYTLFESLCSKKDVRNFKAWFLPIMYSIICFVGLLGNGLVVLTYI YFKRLKTMTDTYLLNLAVADILFLLTLPFWAYSAAKSWVFGVHFCKLIFAIYKMSFFSGM LLLLCISIDRYVAIVQAVSAHRHRARVLLISKLSCVGIWILATVLSIPELLYSDLQRSSS EQAMRCSLITEHVEAFITIQVAQMVIGFLVPLLAMSFCYLVIIRTLLQARNFERNKAIKV IIAVVVVFIVFQLPYNGVVLAQTVANFNITSSTCELSKQLNIAYDVTYSLACVRCCVNPFLYAFIGVKFRNDLFKLFKDLGCLSQEQLRQWSSCRHIRRSSMSVEAETTTTFSP

Product Description

Expression Systems

E.coli

Tag

N-His or Tag-Free

Form

Lyophilized powder

Reconstitution

Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL.We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration).

Purity

>85% as determined by SDS-PAGE

Buffer

Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0

Storage

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

Target

Target Protein

CCR7

Full Name

C-C motif chemokine receptor 7

Introduction

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family. This receptor was identified as a gene induced by the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV), and is thought to be a mediator of EBV effects on B lymphocytes. This receptor is expressed in various lymphoid tissues and activates B and T lymphocytes. It has been shown to control the migration of memory T cells to inflamed tissues, as well as stimulate dendritic cell maturation. The chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 19 (CCL19/ECL) has been reported to be a specific ligand of this receptor. Signals mediated by this receptor regulate T cell homeostasis in lymph nodes, and may also function in the activation and polarization of T cells, and in chronic inflammation pathogenesis. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants.

Alternative Names

BLR 2; BLR2; C C chemokine receptor type 7; C C CKR 7; C-C chemokine receptor type 7; C-C CKR-7; CC chemokine receptor 7; CC chemokine receptor type 7; CC CKR 7; CC-CKR-7; CCR7; CCR7; CCR7_HUMAN; CD 197; CD197; CD197 antigen; CDw197; Chemokine (C C motif) receptor 7; Chemokine (C C) receptor 7; Chemokine C C motif receptor 7; Chemokine C C receptor 7; Chemokine receptor 1; EBI1; Ebi1h; EBV Induced G Protein Coupled Receptor 1; EBV-induced G-protein coupled receptor 1; Epstein Barr virus induced G-protein coupled receptor; Epstein Barr virus induced G-protein coupled receptor 1; EVI1; Lymphocyte Specific G Protein Coupled Peptide Receptor; MGC108519; MIP 3 beta receptor; MIP-3 beta receptor

Gene ID

1236

UniProt ID

P32248