

# Product Information

## **MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human ATP6V1F (ATPase H<sup>+</sup> transporting V1 subunit F) expressed in E.coli for Antibody Discovery**

Cat. No.: **MP1392J**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a 40.4 kDa Human ATP6V1F membrane protein expressed in E.coli. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

### Product Specifications

#### **Host Species**

Human

#### **Target Protein**

ATP6V1F

#### **Protein Length**

Full-length

#### **Protein Class**

Ion Channel

#### **Molecular Weight**

40.4 kDa

#### **Sequence**

MAGRGLIAVIGDEDTVTFLLGGIGELNKNRHPNFLVVEKDTTINEIEDTFRQFLNRDDIGIILINQYIAEMVRHALDAHQQSIPAVLEI

### Product Description

#### **Expression Systems**

E.coli

#### **Tag**

N-GST

#### **Form**

Liquid or Lyophilized powder

#### **Reconstitution**

Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration).

#### **Purity**

>85% as determined by SDS-PAGE

### Buffer

Liquid: Tris/PBS-based buffer, 5%-50% glycerol

Lyophilized powder: Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0

### Storage

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

## Target

### Target Protein

ATP6V1F

### Full Name

ATPase H<sup>+</sup> transporting V1 subunit F

### Introduction

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is the V1 domain F subunit protein.

### Alternative Names

Adenosinetriphosphatase 14k chain; ATP6S14; ATP6V1F; ATPase, H<sup>+</sup> transporting, lysosomal 14kDa, V1 subunit F; ATPase, vacuolar, 14 kD; H(+)-transporting two-sector ATPase, 14kD subunit; MGC117321; MGC126037; MGC126038; V-ATPase 14 kDa subunit; V-ATPase subunit F; V-type proton ATPase subunit F; Vacuolar ATP synthase subunit F; Vacuolar proton pump subunit F; VATF; VATF\_HUMAN; Vma7

### Gene ID

[9296](#)

### UniProt ID

[Q16864](#)