

# Product Information

## MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human TYROBP (Transmembrane immune signaling adaptor TYROBP) expressed in *In vitro* wheat germ expression system for Antibody Discovery

Cat. No.: **MP1460X**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a 38.6 kDa Human TYROBP membrane protein expressed in *In vitro* wheat germ expression system. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

### Product Specifications

#### Host Species

Human

#### Target Protein

TYROBP

#### Protein Length

Full-length

#### Molecular Weight

38.6 kDa

#### TMD

1

#### Sequence

MGGLEPCSRLLLPPLLAVSGLRPVQAQAQSDCSCSTVSPGVLAGIVMGDLVLTVLIALAVYFLGRLVPRGRGAAEAATRKQRITET

### Product Description

#### Application

Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay, Western Blot (Recombinant protein), Antibody Production, Protein Array

#### Expression Systems

*In vitro* wheat germ expression system

#### Tag

GST-tag at N-terminal

#### Protein Format

Liposome

#### Form

Liquid

### Purification

Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow

### Buffer

50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0

### Storage

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

## Target

### Target Protein

TYROBP

### Full Name

Transmembrane immune signaling adaptor TYROBP

### Introduction

This gene encodes a transmembrane signaling polypeptide which contains an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain. The encoded protein may associate with the killer-cell inhibitory receptor (KIR) family of membrane glycoproteins and may act as an activating signal transduction element. This protein may bind zeta-chain (TCR) associated protein kinase 70kDa (ZAP-70) and spleen tyrosine kinase (SYK) and play a role in signal transduction, bone modeling, brain myelination, and inflammation. Mutations within this gene have been associated with polycystic lipomembranous osteodysplasia with sclerosing leukoencephalopathy (PLOSL), also known as Nasu-Hakola disease. Its putative receptor, triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 2 (TREM2), also causes PLOSL. Multiple alternative transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene.

### Alternative Names

DAP12; KARAP; PLOSL; PLOSL1; TYRO protein tyrosine kinase-binding protein; DNAX adaptor protein 12; DNAX-activation protein 12; KAR-associated protein; TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein; killer-activating receptor-associated protein; polycystic lipomembranous osteodysplasia with sclerosing leukoencephalopathy

### Gene ID

[7305](#)

### UniProt ID

[Q43914](#)