

# **Product Information**

## MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human A2A, His tag

Cat. No.: MP1486F

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is recombinant Human A2A membrane protein. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

#### **Product Specifications**

**Host Species** 

Human

**Target Protein** 

A2A

**Protein Length** 

Full Length

**Protein Class** 

**GPCR** 

**TMD** 

7

# **Product Description**

## Tag

His tag

## Storage

Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C

#### **Target**

#### **Target Protein**

A2A

#### **Full Name**

Adenosine A2a receptor

#### Introduction

This gene encodes a member of the guanine nucleotide-binding protein (G protein)-coupled receptor (GPCR)

superfamily, which is subdivided into classes and subtypes. The receptors are seven-pass transmembrane proteins that respond to extracellular cues and activate intracellular signal transduction pathways. This protein, an adenosine receptor of A2A subtype, uses adenosine as the preferred endogenous agonist and preferentially interacts with the G(s) and G(olf) family of G proteins to increase intracellular cAMP levels. It plays an important role in many biological functions, such as cardiac rhythm and circulation, cerebral and renal blood flow, immune function, pain regulation, and sleep. It has been implicated in pathophysiological conditions such as inflammatory diseases and neurodegenerative disorders. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. A read-through transcript composed of the upstream SPECC1L (sperm antigen with calponin homology and coiled-coil domains 1-like) and ADORA2A (adenosine A2a receptor) gene sequence has been identified, but it is thought to be non-coding.

#### **Alternative Names**

A2aR; RDC8; ADORA2; adenosine receptor A2a; adenosine receptor subtype A2a

Gene ID

135

**UniProt ID** 

P29274