

## Product Information

### **MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human OR2F1 (Olfactory receptor family 2 subfamily F member 1) Full Length**

Cat. No.: **MPC3154K**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a made-to-order Human OR2F1 membrane protein expressed in Baculovirus/Insect expression system. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

#### Product Specifications

##### Host Species

Human

##### Target Protein

OR2F1

##### Protein Length

Full length

##### Protein Class

GPCR

##### TMD

7

##### Sequence

MGTDNQTWVSEFILLGLSSDWDTRVSLFVLFLVMYVVTVLGNCLIVLLIR  
LDSRLHTPMYFFLTNLSLVDVSYATSVVPQLLAHFLAEHKAIPFQSCAAQ  
LFFSLALGGIEFVLLAVMAYDRYVAVCDALRYSAIMHGGLCARLAITSWV  
SGFISSPVQTAITFQLPMCRNKFIDHISCELLAVVRLACVDTSNEVTIM  
VSSIVLLMTPFCLVLLSYIQIISTILKIQSREGRKKAFHTCASHLTVVAL  
CYGVAIFTYIQPHSSPSVLQEKLFSVFYAILTPMLNPMIYSLRNKEVKGA  
WQKLLWKFSGLTSKLAT

#### Product Description

##### Expression Systems

Baculovirus/Insect expression system

##### Tag

Based on specific requirements

##### Protein Format

Detergent or based on specific requirements (Detergent, Liposome, Nanodisc, Polymer, VLP)

**Form**

Liquid

**Storage**

Aliquot and store at -20°C or lower. For long term storage, we recommend to store at -72°C or lower. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Target****Target Protein**

OR2F1

**Full Name**

Olfactory receptor family 2 subfamily F member 1

**Introduction**

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. This olfactory receptor gene is a segregating pseudogene, where some individuals have an allele that encodes a functional olfactory receptor, while other individuals have an allele encoding a protein that is predicted to be non-functional.

**Alternative Names**

OR2F1; OLF3; 7M1-2; OR2F3; OR2F4; OR2F5; OR2F3P; OR14-60; OR7-139; OR7-140; olfactory receptor 2F1; olfactory receptor 2F3; olfactory receptor 2F4; olfactory receptor 2F5; olfactory receptor OR7-7; olfactory receptor, family 2, subfamily F, member 3; olfactory receptor, family 2, subfamily F, member 4; olfactory receptor, family 2, subfamily F, member 5; olfactory receptor-like protein OLF3; Olfactory receptor family 2 subfamily F member 1

**Gene ID**

[26211](#)

**UniProt ID**

[Q13607](#)