

Product Information

MemDX™ Recombinant Human B2AR Membrane Protein in Virus-Like Particles (MP-VLPs)

Cat. No.: MPVLP-004

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is recombinant Human B2AR in VLPs form. This product is produced from mammalian cells by co-expressing the retroviral structural core polyprotein (gag) and the target membrane protein. MP-VLPs display highly-expressed copies of membrane proteins in their native conformation, providing an alternative to membrane protein stable cell lines, membrane preparations, detergent-solubilized proteins and other membrane protein preparation strategies. MP-VLPs can be used for a wide range of applications in antibody production, antibody discovery, antibody characterization, binding assays and functional assays.

Product Specifications

Host Species

Human

Target Protein

B2AR

Protein Length

Full length

Protein Class

GPCR

TMD

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Product Description

Application

ELISA; Antibody Production; Antibody Discovery; Antibody Characterization; Binding Assays; Functional Assays

Expression Systems

HEK293 expression system

Protein Format

Membrane Protein-Virus Like Particles (MP-VLPs)

Form

Liquid

Storage

The product should be stored at -20°C or lower. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Target

Target Protein

B2AR

Full Name

Adrenoceptor beta 2

Introduction

This gene encodes beta-2-adrenergic receptor which is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. This receptor is directly associated with one of its ultimate effectors, the class C L-type calcium channel Ca(V)1.2. This receptor-channel complex also contains a G protein, an adenylyl cyclase, cAMP-dependent kinase, and the counterbalancing phosphatase, PP2A. The assembly of the signaling complex provides a mechanism that ensures specific and rapid signaling by this G protein-coupled receptor. This receptor is also a transcription regulator of the alpha-synuclein gene, and together, both genes are believed to be associated with risk of Parkinson's Disease. This gene is intronless. Different polymorphic forms, point mutations, and/or downregulation of this gene are associated with nocturnal asthma, obesity, type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular disease.

Alternative Names

BAR; B2AR; ADRBR; ADRB2R; BETA2AR; beta-2 adrenergic receptor; adrenergic, beta-2-, receptor, surface; adrenoceptor beta 2 surface; beta-2 adrenoceptor; beta-2 adrenoreceptor; catecholamine receptor

Gene ID

<u>154</u>

UniProt ID

P07550