

Product Information

MemDX™ Recombinant Human ALK2 Membrane Protein in Virus-Like Particles (MP-VLPs)

Cat. No.: MPVLP-029

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is recombinant Human ALK2 in VLPs form. This product is produced from mammalian cells by co-expressing the retroviral structural core polyprotein (gag) and the target membrane protein. MP-VLPs display highly-expressed copies of membrane proteins in their native conformation, providing an alternative to membrane protein stable cell lines, membrane preparations, detergent-solubilized proteins and other membrane protein preparation strategies. MP-VLPs can be used for a wide range of applications in antibody production, antibody discovery, antibody characterization, binding assays and functional assays.

Product Specifications

Host Species

Human

Target Protein

ALK2

Protein Length

Full length

Protein Class

Kinase; Transferase

TMD

1

Product Description

Application

ELISA; Antibody Production; Antibody Discovery; Antibody Characterization; Binding Assays; Functional Assays

Expression Systems

HEK293 expression system

Protein Format

Membrane Protein-Virus Like Particles (MP-VLPs)

Form

Liquid

Storage

The product should be stored at -20°C or lower. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Target

Target Protein

ALK2

Full Name

Activin A receptor type 1

Introduction

Activins are dimeric growth and differentiation factors which belong to the transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-beta) superfamily of structurally related signaling proteins. Activins signal through a heteromeric complex of receptor serine kinases which include at least two type I (I and IB) and two type II (II and IIB) receptors. These receptors are all transmembrane proteins, composed of a ligand-binding extracellular domain with cysteine-rich region, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain with predicted serine/threonine specificity. Type I receptors are essential for signaling; and type II receptors are required for binding ligands and for expression of type I receptors. Type I and II receptors form a stable complex after ligand binding, resulting in phosphorylation of type I receptors by type II receptors. This gene encodes activin A type I receptor which signals a particular transcriptional response in concert with activin type II receptors. Mutations in this gene are associated with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressive.

Alternative Names

FOP; ALK2; SKR1; TSRI; ACTRI; ACVR1A; ACVRLK2; ACVR1; activin receptor type-1; TGF-B superfamily receptor type I; activin A receptor, type I; activin A receptor, type II-like kinase 2; hydroxyalkyl-protein kinase; serine/threonine-protein kinase receptor R1

Gene ID

90

UniProt ID

Q04771