

# **Product Information**

MemDX™ Membrane Protein Human OR52A4P (Olfactory receptor family 52 subfamily A member 4 pseudogene) Expressed *in vitro E.coli* expression system, Full Length

Cat. No.: MPX2940K

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a Human OR52A4P membrane protein expressed *in vitro E.coli* expression system. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

# **Product Specifications**

**Host Species** 

Human

**Target Protein** 

OR52A4P

**Protein Length** 

Full Length

**Protein Class** 

**GPCR** 

**TMD** 

7

## Sequence

MALPITNGTLFMPFVLTFIGIPGFESVQCWIGIPFCATYVIALIGNSLLLIIIKSEPSLHEPMYIFLATLGATDISLSTSIVPKMLDIFWFHLP

# **Product Description**

# **Expression Systems**

in vitro E.coli expression system

Tag

10xHis tag at the N-terminus

**Protein Format** 

Soluble

**Form** 

Liquid or Lyophilized powder

**Buffer** 

Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0

### **Storage**

Aliquot and store at -20°C or lower. For long term storage, we recommend to store at -70°C or lower. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## **Target**

## **Target Protein**

OR52A4P

#### **Full Name**

Olfactory receptor family 52 subfamily A member 4 pseudogene

#### Introduction

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. Although originally considered to be a functional olfactory receptor, this family member is now considered to be pseudogene due to the presence of a C-terminal frameshift compared to other family members; this is also consistent with the Classifier for Olfactory Receptor Pseudogenes (CORP), as described in PMID:16939646.

#### **Alternative Names**

OR52A4P; OR52A4; putative olfactory receptor 52A4; Olfactory receptor family 52 subfamily A member 4 pseudogene

Gene ID

390053

**UniProt ID** 

A6NMU1