

Product Information

MemDX™ Human FGFR2 CT26 Cell Line

Cat. No.: S01YF-0123-KX100

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Information

Target Protein

FGFR2

Target Protein Species

Human

Accession Number

NM_022970.3

Protein Tag

Tag-free

Host Cell Type

CT26

Target Classification

Kinases/Enzyme

Target Family

Kinases/Enzyme

Target Research Area

Reproductive Research

Related Diseases

Pfeiffer Syndrome; Crouzon Syndrome

Product Properties

Morphology

Fibroblastoid cells growing as a monolayer

Assay Types

Drug screening and biological assays

Resistance

Puromycin

Mycoplasma Testing

Negative

Sterility Testing

10 passages

Biosafety Level

Level 1

Activity

Yes

Quantity

5x106 cells

Form

Frozen cells

Freeze Medium

70% RPMI 1640 + 20% FBS + 10% DMSO

Culture Medium

RPMI 1640 + 10% FBS + 10µg/mL Puromycin

Selective Antibiotic(s)

Regular antibiotics active against mycoplasmas, bacteria and fungi.

Handling Notes

Frozen cells should be thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedure to ensure cell viability and proper assay performance.

Note: Do not freeze the cells upon receipt as it may result in irreversible damage to the cell line.

Disclaimer: We cannot guarantee cell viability if the cells are not thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedure.

Incubation

37°C with 5% CO₂

Applications

Drug screening and biological assays

Application Notes

Cells were plated in a 384-well plate and incubated overnight at 37°C and 5% CO₂ to allow the cells to attach and grow. Cells were then stimulated with a control for high-throughput drugs screening andfunctional assays.

Use Restrictions

These cells are distributed for research use only.

Shipping

Dry ice

Storage

Liquid nitrogen

Target

Full Name

Fibroblast growth factor receptor 2

Introduction

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member is a high-affinity receptor for acidic, basic and/or keratinocyte growth factor, depending on the isoform. Mutations in this gene are associated with Crouzon syndrome, Pfeiffer syndrome, Craniosynostosis, Apert syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Beare-Stevenson cutis gyrata syndrome, Saethre-Chotzen syndrome, and syndromic craniosynostosis. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been noted for this gene.

Alternative Names

FGFR2; BEK; JWS; BBDS; CEK3; CFD1; ECT1; KGFR; TK14; TK25; BFR-1; CD332; K-SAM; BEK fibroblast growth factor receptor; bacteria-expressed kinase; keratinocyte growth factor receptor; protein tyrosine kinase, receptor like 14; Fibroblast growth factor receptor 2

Gene ID

2263

UniProt ID

P21802