

Product Information

MemDX™ Human GPC3 CHO-S Cell Line

Cat. No.: **S01YF-0424-KX18**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Information

Target Protein

GPC3

Target Protein Species

Human

Host Cell Type

CHO-S

Target Classification

Others

Target Family

Others

Target Research Area

Cancer Research

Related Diseases

Simpson-Golabi-Behmel Syndrome; Wilms Tumor

Product Properties

Morphology

Suspension

Assay Types

Functional assay

Mycoplasma Testing

Negative

Biosafety Level

Level 1

Activity

Yes

Quantity

3x10⁶ cells

Form

Frozen cells

Selective Antibiotic(s)

Regular antibiotics active against mycoplasmas, bacteria and fungi.

Handling Notes

Frozen cells should be thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedure to ensure cell viability and proper assay performance.

Note: Do not freeze the cells upon receipt as it may result in irreversible damage to the cell line.

Disclaimer: We cannot guarantee cell viability if the cells are not thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedure.

Incubation

37°C with 5% CO₂

Applications

Drug screening and biological assays

Application Notes

Cells were plated in a 384-well plate and incubated overnight at 37°C and 5% CO₂ to allow the cells to attach and grow. Cells were then stimulated with a control for high-throughput drugs screening and functional assays.

Use Restrictions

These cells are distributed for research use only.

Shipping

Dry ice

Storage

Liquid nitrogen

Target

Full Name

Glypican 3

Introduction

Cell surface heparan sulfate proteoglycans are composed of a membrane-associated protein core substituted with a variable number of heparan sulfate chains. Members of the glypican-related integral membrane proteoglycan family (GRIPs) contain a core protein anchored to the cytoplasmic membrane via a glycosyl phosphatidylinositol linkage. These proteins may play a role in the control of cell division and growth regulation. The protein encoded by this gene can bind to and inhibit the dipeptidyl peptidase activity of CD26, and it can induce apoptosis in certain cell types. Deletion mutations in this gene are associated with Simpson-Golabi-Behmel syndrome, also known as Simpson dysmorphia syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

Alternative Names

SGB; DGSX; MXR7; SDYS; SGBS; OCI-5; SGBS1; GTR2-2; glypican-3; glypican proteoglycan 3; heparan sulphate proteoglycan; intestinal protein OCI-5; secreted glypican-3

Gene ID

[2719](#)

UniProt ID

